

Clinical considerations and physiology of adult cerebral saturation in the ICU and OR



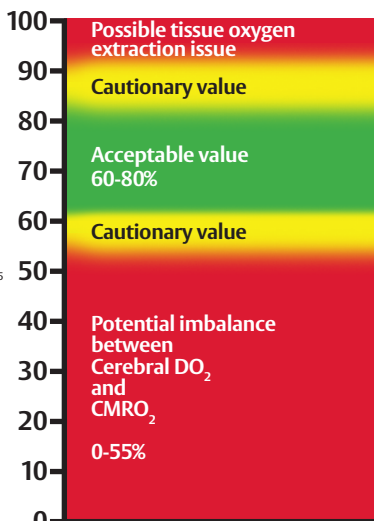
Cerebral tissue oximetry (SctO₂) values reflect the continuous and non-invasively monitored balance between cerebral oxygen delivery (cerebral DO₂) and consumption (CMRO₂), as well as the effects of interventions that affect oxygen delivery.¹

Research has shown that neuronal ischemia is negatively associated with survival in ICU patients² and prolonged cerebral desaturations are associated with:

- Post-op delirium^{3,4} and cognitive dysfunction⁵
- Extended time on mechanical ventilation¹
- Extended ICU and hospital LOS^{1,6}

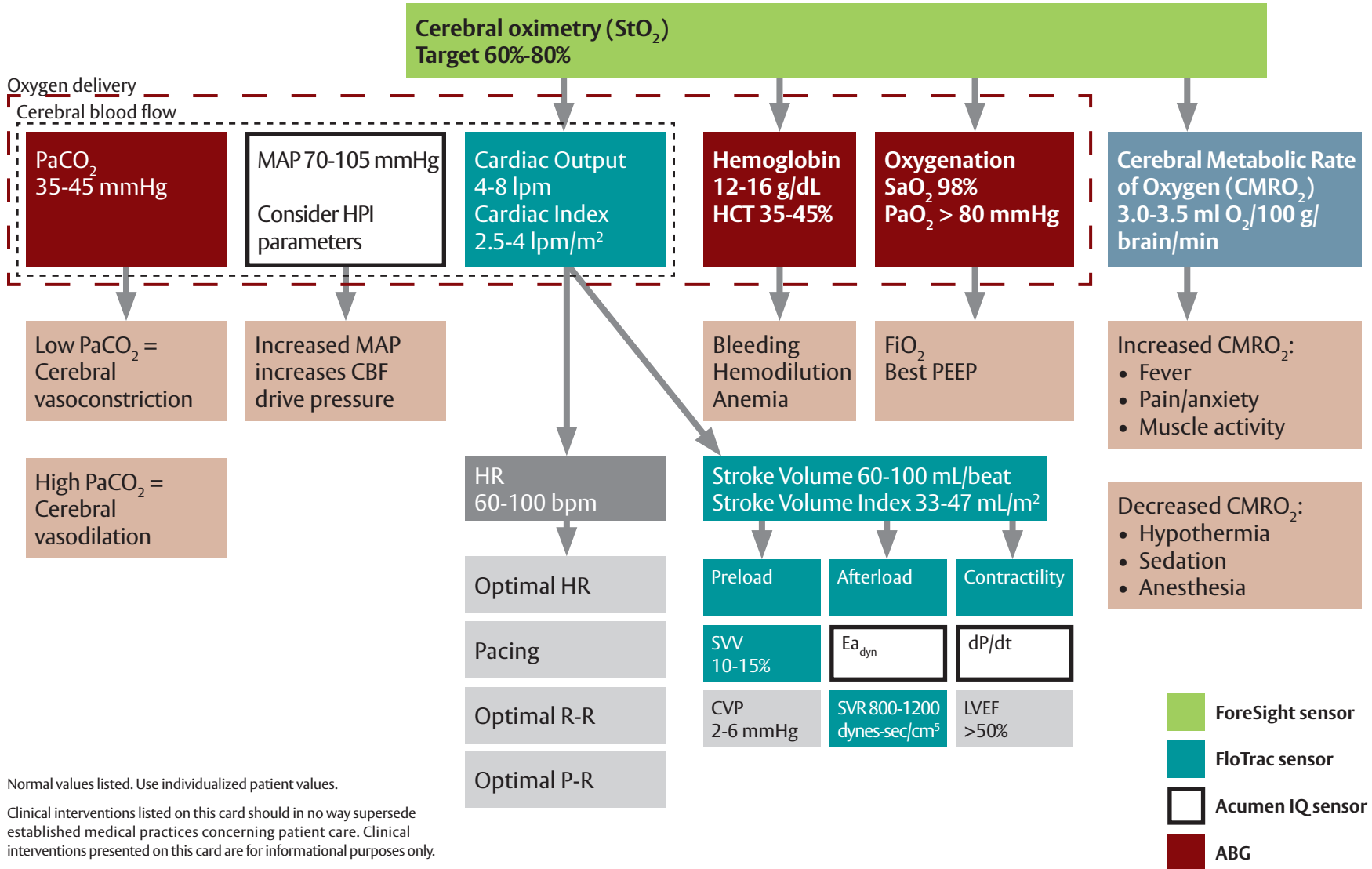
Maintaining SctO₂ values within target ranges helps to mitigate incidences of cerebral desaturation events.^{5,7}

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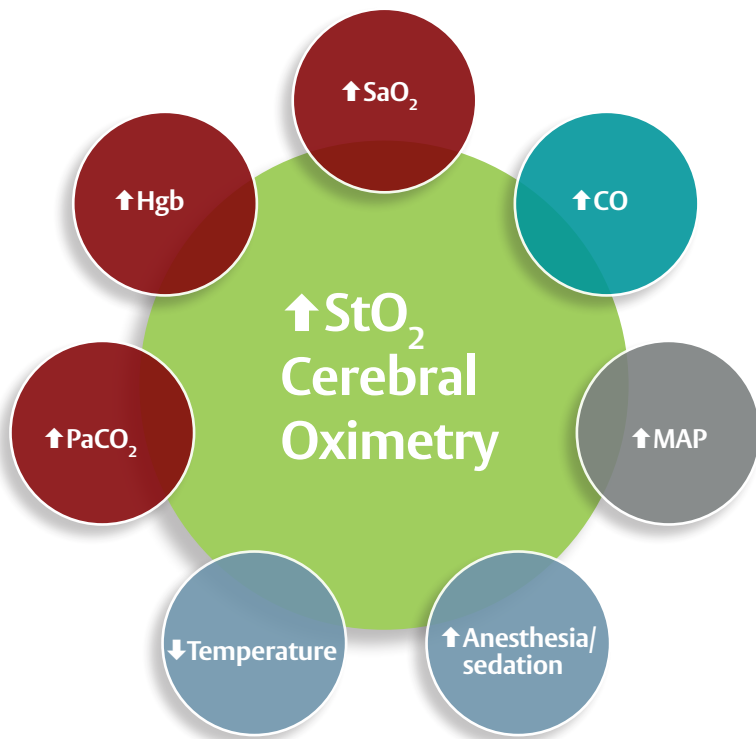


Note: Monitor default alarm ranges may vary from physiologic ranges shown in graphic. Ensure they are set appropriately for your patient.

Cerebral oximetry (StO₂) physio-relationship graphic



Considerations to increase cerebral StO_2



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